1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: pH Buffer

Other Identifier: Sodium Bicarbonate

Recommended Use: Raising pH and alkalinity levels in pools

Supplier: Big Bubble **ABN:** 51 290 656 636

Street Address: 18 Elliott Street

Midvale

Western Australia

Telephone Number: +61 08 9274 1992

Poisons Information Centre: 131 126 Australia

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Road and Rail; Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification

Not hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Poisons Schedule: Not Scheduled

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium bicarbonate	144-55-8	<=100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

Ingestion: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not

induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if a large amount is swallowed or if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several

minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting the upper and

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lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical

advice/attention.

Skin Contact: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical

advice/attention.

Inhalation: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical

advice/attention.

Medical attention and special treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool

containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media:

If material is involved in a fire, use extinguishing media appropriate

to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion

Hazards

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes.

Hazardous combustion

products:

Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including

oxides of Carbon and Sodium.

Precautions for fire fighters and special protective equipment:

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water – Runoff may cause pollution. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide

limited protection.

Auto Ignition temperature: No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature: No Data Available

Flammability: No Data Available

Flash Point: No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled

material – Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard! Avoid dust formation.

Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

Emergency procedures:

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel

to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Methods and materials for Containment and

clean up:

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers for disposal (see SECTION 13). Ventilate area.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

This material must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Conditions for safe

storage:

Keep in the original, properly labelled container. Store in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect from moisture. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Precautions for safe

handling:

Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). To avoid thermal

decomposition, do not overheat.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control measures:

No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific occupational exposure standards: Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m³ (measured as inhalable dust).

Biological Monitoring

No information available.

Engineering Controls

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the

contaminant source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye and Face Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended:

Safety glasses or goggles.

Skin Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves. Wear appropriate

personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Dust

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impervious protective suit.

Respiratory Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an

inhalation risk exists. Recommended: Dust mask/particulate respiratory

(AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Solid

Colour: White

Odourless Odourless

pH: 8.0 – 8.5 (1% solution)

Soluble in water – Insoluble in alcohol

Auto Ignition temperature: No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature: No Data Available

Evaporation Rate: No Data Available

Flammability: No Data Available

Flash Point: No Data Available

Boiling Point: No Data Available

Melting/Freezing Point: No Data Available

Freezing Point No Data Available

Odour Threshold: No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No Data Available

Relative Density: No Data Available

Upper Flammibility Limit No Data Available

Lower Flammability Limit: No Data Available

Explosive limits: No Data Available

Vapour density: No Data Available

Vapour pressure; No Data Available

Viscosity: No Data Available

Biopersistence: No Data Available

Crystallinity: No Data Available

Dustiness: No Data Available

Particle size: No Data Available

Redox potential: No Data Available

Release of invisible flammable vapours and

gases

No Data Available

Saturated Vapour Concentration

No Data Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid:

Avoid dust formation. Avoid exposure to moisture or moist air. To avoid

thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Incompatible materials:

Incompatible/reactive with acids, Aluminium (tarnishes).

Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposes on heating, emitting toxic fumes, including oxides of Carbon

and Sodium.

Hazardous reactions or Polymerisation:

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Exposure Limits: Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10

mg/m³ (measured as inhalable dust).

Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain. Large doses may

produce symptomatic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid volume

with edema.

Eye contact: Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Skin contact: Large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Acute Toxicity: Not expected to have an acute toxicity.

Carcinogenity: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity: Not expected to be mutagenic.

Reproductive: Not expected to impair fertility.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Acute LC50, Fish (Oncohynchus Mykiss): 7,100 mg/L (96 h)

EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia Magna): 4,100 mg/L (48 h) NOEC, Crustacea (Daphnia Magna): >576 mg/L (21 d)

Not harmful to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability:

Product dissociates rapidly to corresponding ions on contact with water.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility: High mobility (water, soil/sediments).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

All empty packaging should be disposed of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations or recycled/reconditioned at an approved facility.

Or refilled at Big Bubble in Midvale.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Marine Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Air Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons Schedule: Not Scheduled

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Key/Legend:
< Less Than LEP
> Greater Than SEP
AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
atm Atmosphere SEP
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number) SEP
cm2 Square Centimetres SEP
CO2 Carbon Dioxide SEP
COD Chemical Oxygen Demandsep
deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius L
g Grams SEP
g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre SEP
g/l Grams per Litre
HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health L
immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.
inHg Inch of Mercury SEP
inH2O Inch of Water SEP
K Kelvin SEP
kg Kilogram SEP
kg/m3 Kilograms per Cubic Metre SEP
LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which
causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a
set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.
LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which
causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.
ltr or L Litre SEP
m3 Cubic Metre
mbar Millibar sep
mg Milligram SEP
mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours SEP!
mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram SEP
mg/m3 Milligrams per Cubic Metre SEP
Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of
either component present.
mm Millimetre SEP mmH2O Millimetres of Water SEP
mPa.s Millipascals per Secondsep
N/A Not Applicable SEP
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health L
NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission SEP
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development L
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit LEP
Pa Pascal SEP
ppb Parts per Billion SEP
ppm Parts per Million SEP
ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours L
psi Pounds per Square Inchisep
R Rankine SEP
RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure
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STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV Threshold Limit Value Threshold

This material safety data sheet has been prepared by Midland Chemicals

This MSDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. No liability is accepted whether direct or indirect from its application since the conditions of final use are outside Midland Chemicals control. The end user is obliged to conform to relevant government regulations and/or patent laws applicable in their respective States of Countries.